#### Midwest Fish and Wildlife Health Committee Annual Report May 27, 2022

#### **Meeting Time and Place**

Our annual meeting took place at the National Energy center of Excellence, Bismarck State College in Bismarck, North Dakota and via video conference. The meeting began on April 26<sup>th</sup>, 2022, from 12 – 5:30 pm, and continued April 27<sup>th</sup>, 2022, from 8:00am – 5:00pm. An optional field/technical training was provided on April 28<sup>th</sup> from 8:00am – 12:00pm. Travel restrictions and the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic reduced available travel opportunities for some of our members.

#### Attendance

The 2022 Midwest Fish and Wildlife Health Committee Meeting was attended by representatives from 11 state or provincial wildlife agencies in person (MAFWA Members included: Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Manitoba, Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Ohio, Saskatchewan, South Dakota, and Wisconsin). The remaining 5 states and provinces attended virtually (Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Nebraska, and Ontario). Three federal agencies: USDA-APHIS-Wildlife Services, USGS-National Wildlife Health Center, and the US Fish and Wildlife Service representatives also attended virtually as did a number of invited speakers (see Appendix 1 and 2).

#### **Executive Summary**

Each state or province in attendance provide an update during the annual meeting on wildlife health initiatives, disease concerns, ongoing research in their jurisdiction, and work adjustments or problem solving to accommodate ongoing public health initiatives and emerging disease response, most notably highly pathogenic avian influenza. Additional discussion focused on emerging disease surveillance, CWD testing and research including improvements in data collection, RHDV2, and efforts to streamline and more efficiently and effectively receive citizen reports of wildlife morbidity and mortality especially in response to events that involve wildlife.

In addition to updates and discussion on ongoing state programs, a number of outside speakers were invited to provide detailed information on a range of wildlife health topics. Chyna Pei from NDSU presented on habitat site selection of native and exotic bee communities and the diversity of their function on a landscape level. Dr. Dave Stalknecht provided further details on the evolution of the currently circulating Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza virus that all of the represented states are currently seeing affect a variety of avian and a few mammal species. He provided further details on some of the trends observed in Europe and how NA has had some parallel features. Discussed the species specific impacts that we seem to currently by observing and initiated further discussion on integration of surveillance, research, and management.

Nick Hollingshead from Cornell provided an update on the CWD SOP Project. The principle aim of the project was to develop a new framework for CWD surveillance, using mathematical modeling and data science. Questions were focused on where is CWD most likely to be introduced, how many samples are needed, and what is most efficient sampling for state agencies. The states that provided data to develop the modeling efforts have their information accessible through a dashboard that can provide visualizations of their respective questions.

An update on the Wisconsin SW Deer Study was provided by Drs. Dan Storm and Marie Gilbertson discussed the findings from the adult deer mortality analysis. Some of the main findings include that females are more likely to die in end stage CWD than males (males likely harvested in earlier disease stages) and that emaciation and fat atrophy are strongly associeated with CWD.

Claire Beck provided further introductions and updates on the Midwest Landscape Initiative. Dr. Tom DeLiberto provided an update on the ongoing research being conducted on the SARS-CoV-2 virus and susceptibility of wildlife. Next steps include evaluating susceptibility of species to the variants, assessing if there are significant state and regional differences, improve approaches for monitoring and surveillance, what transmission routes are in species such as WTD, are their potential risk to people, and are their mitigation strategies. The goal is to contact states by early August with surveillance plan and what they may need for samples in the next effort. To end out the meeting, Bryan Richards provided discussed current federal funding and research initiatives for CWD programs.

#### **Director Action Items**

The committee reviewed the Organizational Guidelines for the committee and provided updated objectives to better align with the current standing of the committee and MAFWA member agencies. A name adjustment was also made to reflect how the committee has been referred to for a number of years: Midwest Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies, Fish and Wildlife Health Committee. This document is provided in Appendix 3.

#### **Director Information Items**

- ❖ Submission of an initial proposal to AFWA's Multistate Conservation Grant Program titled: Protecting the future of wildlife conservation and hunting heritage through increased use of non-lead ammunition for MAFWA was coordinated through the committee with members of the MAFWA R3 committee as co-investigators. The submission was approved by the executive committee at their May Meeting.
- ❖ AFWA Federal Appropriations Recommendations for 2022 Federal Budget We recommend the following funding is needed to support state and tribal monitoring, research and management of these diseases in free-ranging wildlife:
  - ➤ Chronic Wasting Disease-Equine/Cervid Health line item for CWD surveillance, research and management on wild, free-ranging cervids (USDA APHIS): \$30M
  - ➤ Fish, Amphibian and Reptile Health-surveillance, research and management of emerging fish, amphibian and reptile health issues. (USGS DOI): \$30M Avian Influenza surveillance, research and management on free-ranging wildlife (USDA APHIS, USGS DOI, SCWDS and NIH DHHS): 20M
  - ➤ White Nose Syndrome-surveillance, research and management efforts (USFWS DOI): \$15M
  - ➤ Emerging Contaminants-research on impacts of (examples neonicotinoids and PFAS) to wildlife species (USFWS DOI): \$5M

- ➤ SARS-CoV-2 potential, research and management on free-ranging wildlife, determination of susceptible species and transmission. (USDA APHIS, USGS DOI, CDC DHHS): \$10M
- ➤ Bovine Tuberculosis- Ruminant Health line item for bovine TB surveillance, research and management on wild, free-ranging cervids (USDA APHIS): \$5M
- ➤ USGS National Wildlife Health Center. The USGS National Wildlife Health Center is the only national center dedicated to wildlife disease detection, control, and prevention in the United States. Its mission is to provide national leadership to safeguard wildlife and ecosystem health through active partnerships and exceptional science.: \$3M
- Southeast Cooperative Wildlife Disease Study (SCWDS), a state-federal wildlife health cooperative providing research expertise, diagnostic capacity, and training to agencies. SCWDS is instrumental in the protection of this nation's wildlife resources, domestic livestock interests, and human health.: \$3M
- ➤ Wildlife Disease Monitoring and Surveillance program (USDA). This program provides wildlife disease assistance to states, such as CWD and bovine TB surveillance, feral hog control, and participation of wildlife disease biologists in state agency wildlife disease management activities.: \$3M

#### Time and Place of Next Meeting -

The next in person annual meeting is planned to be scheduled in April of 2023. Currently destination is being determined through state agency approvals.

#### **Appendices**

- Appendix 1. Midwest Fish and Wildlife Health Meeting Attendees and Contact Details
- Appendix 2. Agenda for the Annual Meeting
- Appendix 3. Fish and Wildlife Health Committee Organization Guidelines

## Appendix 1.

## MAFWA Fish and Wildlife Health Committee Annual Meeting Attendees

	State/province/agency	Name	Email
	Illinois	Chris Jacques	Chris.Jacques@Illinois.gov
	Illinois	Daniel Skinner	Daniel.J.Skinner@Illinois.gov
	Indiana	Mitch Marcus	mmarcus@dnr.in.gov
	Kentucky	Christine Casey	christine.casey@ky.gov
	Manitoba	Richard Davis	richard.davis@gov.mb.ca
	Michigan	Megan Moriarty	moriartym1@michigan.gov
		Michelle	
In person	Minnesota	Carstensen	michelle.carstensen@state.mn.us
	Minnesota	Kelly Straka	kelly.straka@state.mn.us
	Minnesota	Kelsie LaSharr	kelsie.lasharr@state.mn.us
	Missouri	Jasmine Batten	jasmine.batten@mdc.mo.gov
	North Dakota	Brent Weston	<u>bweston@nd.gov</u>
	North Dakota	Charlie Bahnson	cbahnson@nd.gov
	Ohio	Mike Tonkovich	mike.tonkovich@dnr.state.oh.us
	Saskatchewan	Iga Stasiak	iga.stasiak@gov.sk.ca
	South Dakota	Steve Griffin	steve.griffin@state.sd.us
	Wisconsin	Lindsey Long	lindsey.long@wisconsin.gov
	lowa	Rachel Ruden	rachel.ruden@dnr.iowa.gov
	Kansas	Shane Hesting	shane.hesting@ksoutdoors.com
Virtual	Missouri	Sherri Russell	sherri.russell@mdc.mo.gov
	Missouri	Sara Parker pauley	Sara.Pauley@mdc.mo.gov
	Nebraska	Todd Nordeen	todd.nordeen@nebraska.gov
	Ontario	Larissa Nituch	larissa.nituch@ontario.ca
	USDA/APHIS/WS	Tom DeLiberto	thomas.j.deliberto@usda.gov
	USFWS	Lee Jones	lee c jones@fws.gov
	USGS/NWHC	Bryan Richards	brichards@usgs.gov
	Tennessee	Dan Grove	dgrove@utk.edu

## Appendix 2.

Midwest Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies Health Committee Meeting Agenda

April 26-27, 2022

Bismarck State College, Bismarck, ND

Tuesday, Apr	il 26 <sup>th</sup>			
12:00	Welcome	Charlie Bahnson		
12:15	Opening remarks and Introductions	Lindsey Long		
12:30	State Summaries	State Representatives		
2:30	Break			
2:45	State Summaries Continued	State Representatives		
4:00	Open Discussion			
5:00	Dinner, TBD			
Wednesday, April 27 <sup>th</sup>				
8:00	Monitoring Bee Communities Across North Dakota	Chyna Pei, NDSU		
8:30	Update from Director Pauley	<b>3</b>		
8:45	Influenza Virus Update and Discussion	Dave Stallknecht		
9:30	Non-lead Partnership Update	Lindsey Long		
10:00	Break	, ,		
10:15	CWD SOP Project Update	Nick Holllingshead		
10:45	Wisconsin SW Deer Study Update	Dan Storm, WI DNR		
11:45	MLI	Claire Beck (15 mins)		
12:15	Lunch Break Prep	, ,		
12:30	Name and Committee Charter Discussion	Lindsey Long		
1:30	SARS-CoV-2	Tom DeLiberto		
2:30	CWD Surveillance and Management	Bryan Richards		
3:15	Break	•		
3:30	Additional Health Concerns			
4:00	Business			
5:00	Wrap Up			
Thursday, April 28 <sup>th</sup>				
8:00-12:00	Fish Health Wetlab	Tom Loch, MSU		

# ORGANIZATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR THE MIDWEST ASSOCIATION OF FISH AND WILDLIFE AGENCIES FISH AND WILDLIFE HEALTH COMMITTEE

Mission: Advance fish and wildlife conservation in the member states and provinces of the Midwest Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (MAFWA) by promoting collaborations, sharing subject matter expertise, and developing best management practices to support healthy fish and wildlife populations and by extension healthy people and environments.

#### Objectives:

- 1. Identify common challenges, opportunities, and responses to develop joint strategies for addressing fish and wildlife health issues.
- 2. Stimulate an exchange of information among member states and provinces on legislation, administrative rules, program implementation, education, funding, and research as related to fish and wildlife health issues.
- 3. Enhance coordination among state and federal agencies to address fish and wildlife health issues and programs that affect member states and provinces.
- 4. Inform/advise the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies' Wildlife Health Committee, Wildlife Health Committees of the three other Regional Associations, the Southeastern Cooperative Wildlife Disease Study, the National Wildlife Health Center, the National Wildlife Disease Program and other institutions, organizations and groups working on fish and wildlife health issues.
- 5. Inform and advise the Midwest Association of Fish and Wildlife Agency directors on pertinent fish and wildlife health issues and solutions.
- 6. Advance One Health by defining, clarifying, and strengthening the role and authority of fish and wildlife agencies in health management within member states and provinces.
- 7. Provide a forum for the discussion and guidance regarding organizational structure, policy, delivery systems and effectiveness of fish and wildlife health programs in member states in particular and North American in general.

*Membership:* The membership of the MAFWA Fish and Wildlife Health Committee is open to employees of member states and provinces. Representatives of federal agencies, agricultural and conservation organizations, private citizens and other individuals may be invited to attend Committee meetings.

*Officers:* The committee shall elect a Chair and Vice-chair. The Chair shall be an employee of a member state or provincial agency. The Chair and their member agency shall provide for clerical support needed for conducting committee business and shall maintain a file of all minutes of committee meetings, correspondence and other items as necessary. The Chair's responsibility shall include, but not be limited to, organizing a minimum of one Committee meeting per year, maintaining Committee files, preparing necessary correspondence and preparing a report of all Committee activities for submission to the MAFWA Executive Secretary. The duties of the

Vice-Chair will be to assist the Chair and perform the duties of Chair in the event that the Chair is unable to perform the duties.

*Sub-Committees:* Ad-hoc Sub-committees may be appointed by the Chair to investigate and report on specific issues. Sub-Committees will be appointed by the Chair upon review of requests from members or the MAFWA Executive Committee for specific Committee action.

*Meetings:* The MAFWA Fish and Wildlife Health Committee will meet at least once per year. The meeting may be held in any member state or province. The schedule and duration of each meeting will be determined by the Chair after consultation with other members of the Committee. Notice of meeting dates and locations will be made available to members far enough in advance to enable them to secure out-of-state travel authorization for attendance.

*Meeting Agenda:* The program will be organized to permit adequate time for discussion of agenda items. One aspect of the agenda will be a short 10-minute report from each state on disease issues from that state. Other topics on the agenda will reflect the current issues reference wildlife disease in the Midwest. The Chair may request special reports from states and individuals on current disease topics. State and special reports will also be submitted in written format to permit the forwarding of them to agency directors, maintenance of proper files and provision of reports to other appropriate persons. Guest speakers may be invited to Committee meetings to make presentations on topics of interest. Short field trips may be arranged in conjunction with the meetings.

**Attendance:** To enhance an atmosphere of participation and exchange of ideas, attendance from all member states and provinces is strongly encouraged.

**Business Meeting:** A formal Committee business meeting will be held in conjunction with any Committee meeting. The business meeting will discuss and determine specific recommendations to the MAFWA Board of Directors. Recommendations to the Board must represent the majority view of member states/provinces. Each member state/province will be allowed one vote when voting is necessary. Invited agencies, private citizens, NGOs are encouraged to participate in discussions but are ineligible to vote.

**Report:** Following the annual spring meeting of the Committee, the Chair will request, through the chain of command in the host state, at least 15 minutes of the agenda at the summer meeting of the Executive Committee of the MAFWA. The Chair will send the report the director's liaison to share with the Executive Committee and, at the same time. to all members of the Committee. Committee members are encouraged to provide the executive summary of the meeting including any director information and action items to their own administration immediately following the Committee meeting. The report shall contain a summary of the information presented at the Committee meeting, items covered in the business meeting, any recommendations from the Committee, appropriate handouts obtained at the meeting and names and address of all attendees. This report shall be submitted to the MAFWA Executive Secretary within 30 days of the close of the Committee meeting.



## SOUTH DAKOTA GAME, FISH and PARKS





Peregrine Falcon Recovery in South Dakota

## Reintroduction



- South Dakota's endangered species law requires that GFP recover state listed species.
- Peregrine Falcon (SE) had not been documented nesting in the state since the 1960s.
- Using State Wildlife Grant funds, GFP developed a reintroduction project for 2010 – 2013.
- 57 captive-reared chicks were released in downtown Rapid City.
- Here's the story in pictures...













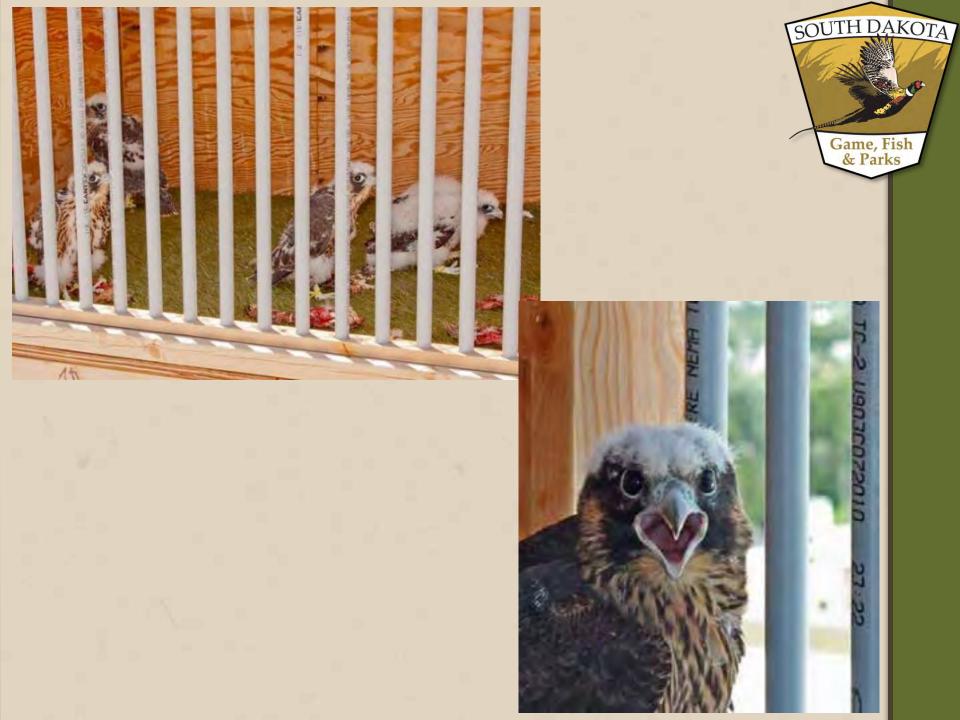










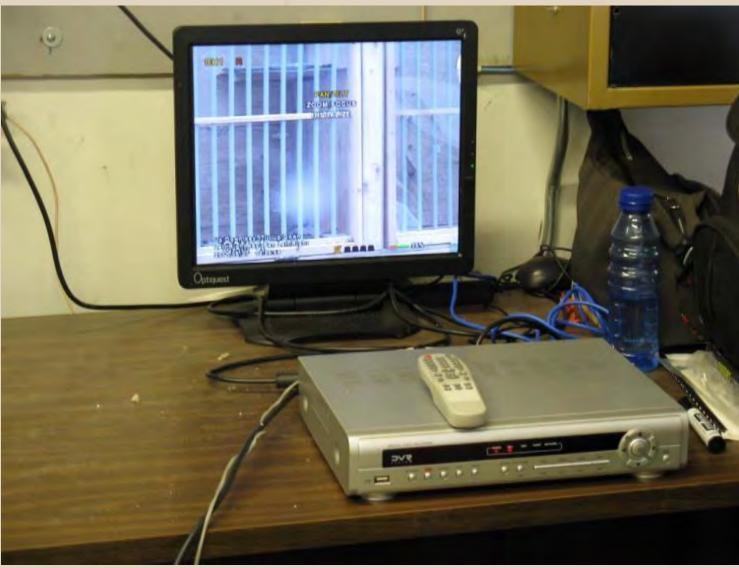












SOUTH DAKOTA

Game, Fish
& Parks













- A bird released in 2012 overwintered in the area, returning to the release site in 2013. A second unbanded bird also visited the release site in 2013.
- A nest box has been available atop one of the release buildings since 2014 to encourage peregrine nesting.
- SDGFP continues to monitor the area for nesting attempts and periodically solicits sightings of colorbanded peregrines.
- Unknown if subsequent nesting resulted from this reintroduction, but survivors contributed to nesting somewhere.





# Nest surveys and monitoring







# Nest surveys and monitoring





# Nest surveys and monitoring







Pheasant History – Hunting, Habitat and Weather

## Where it began.

## NEW

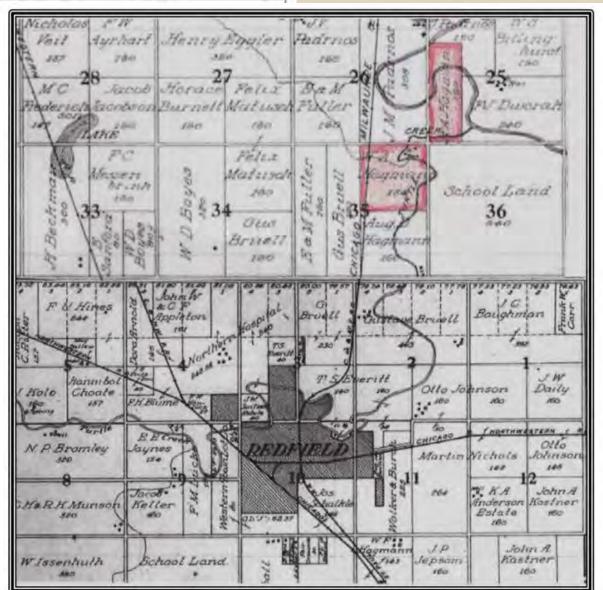
Chinese Ph to Be In

Redbeld, M ard. Henry S. have received of a dozen Ch avowed purpo they may be a pirds in this s

The cocks a ored plumage The bens rese except that th the break and fly much prairie chick kept through of the females a hundred eg put at large. protects them

belie state. came from n propagate fas There them in Ore and Californi

countries is a form h court properties. sults have be having be som



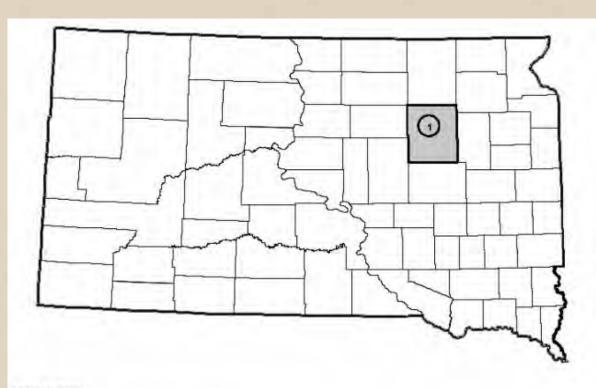




[Map source: Library of Congress, 1909 Map of Spink County, South Dakota.] 1909 Map of Redfield, South Dakota and Surrounding Area

SOUTH DAKOTA Where it began..... Game, Fish & Parks PHEASANT HISTORY First successful stocking of pheasants in South Dakota Redfield's claim as the Pheasant Capital of the World deter back to 1908 The first successful stocking of phospants in South Bakets took place in June, 1908 when H.P. Packare. H.J. Schalke and H.A. Hagman secured three pairs of phenomes from Grants Page. Oregon. The three men went to Hagman's Ferm, just rooth of Redfield, to release the birds. The number of phessants grew steedily over the years, and the state game department purchases 48 pairs of birds with privately substribed fixeds in 1911 and The first one-day open season on cock phessants occurred in Spink County on October 30, 1919 Each person holding a small game license was permitted to all two cora pheasants Spink County, pheasant hunting grew throughout the state. has the illatination of being registered as the Phonesnt Capital nt Capital e Wold

## The First Hunt....





Dates: Zone 1, October 30 in Spink County

Shooting Hours: Daylight hours

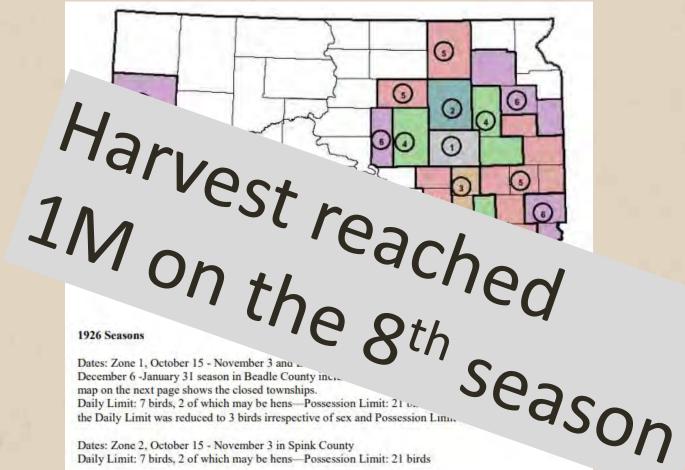
Daily Limit: 2 roosters. It was lawful on October 30th for any person holding a valid small game hunter's license, to hunt, take, kill or have in possession, not to exceed two male Chinese ring-necked or English Pheasants

Possession Limit: 2 roosters

Season Length: 1 day

Harvest Estimate: 200







Daily Limit: 7 birds, 2 of which may be hens-Possession Limit: 21 b... the Daily Limit was reduced to 3 birds irrespective of sex and Possession Limit

Dates: Zone 2, October 15 - November 3 in Spink County Daily Limit: 7 birds, 2 of which may be hens—Possession Limit: 21 birds

Dates: Zone 3, October 15-29 in designated counties Daily Limit: 7 birds, 2 of which may be hens-Possession Limit: 21 birds

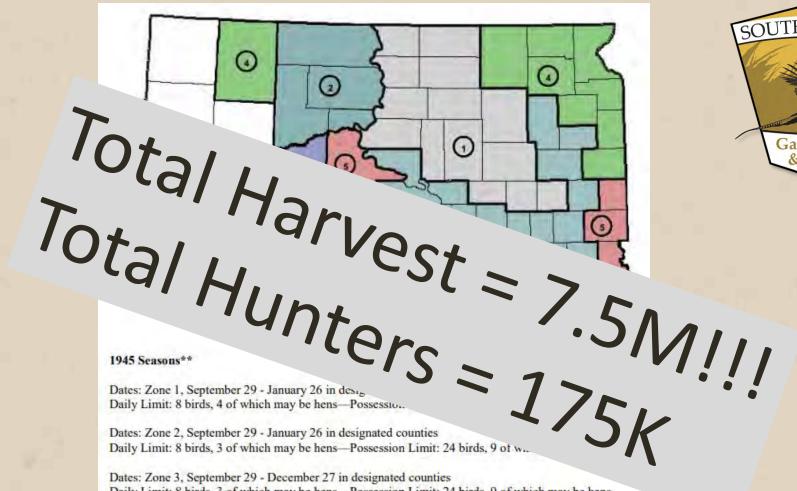
Dates: Zone 4, October 15-24 in designated counties Daily Limit: 7 birds, 2 of which may be hens—Possession Limit: 21 birds

Dates: Zone 5, October 15-18 in designated counties Daily Limit: 7 birds, 2 of which may be hens-Possession Limit: 21 birds

Dates: Zone 6, October 15-16 in designated counties Daily Limit: 7 birds, 2 of which may be hens-Possession Limit: 14 birds

Shooting Hours: Daylight hours

Season Length: 77 days Harvest Estimate: 1,000,000



SOUTH DAKOTA

Game, Fish & Parks

Dates: Zone 3, September 29 - December 27 in designated counties

Daily Limit: 8 birds, 3 of which may be hens-Possession Limit: 24 birds, 9 of which may be hens

Dates: Zone 4, September 29 - December 27 in designated counties

Daily Limit: 8 birds, 2 of which may be hens—Possession Limit: 24 birds, 6 of which may be hens

Dates: Zone 5, September 29 - November 27 in designated counties

Daily Limit: 8 birds, 1 of which may be a hen-Possession Limit: 24 birds, 3 of which may be hens

Dates: Zone 6, September 29 - October 28 in designated counties

Daily Limit: 5 birds, 1 of which may be a hen-Possession Limit: 15 birds, 3 of which may be hens

Dates: Zone 7, September 29 - October 16 in designated counties

Daily Limit: 3 roosters—Possession Limit: 9 roosters

Dates: Zone 8, September 29 - October 8 in designated counties

Daily Limit: 4 roosters—Possession Limit: 12 roosters

# South Dakota Pheasant Hunting Seasons Data Book

100th Anniversary Edition



Lonnie Shafer, Author





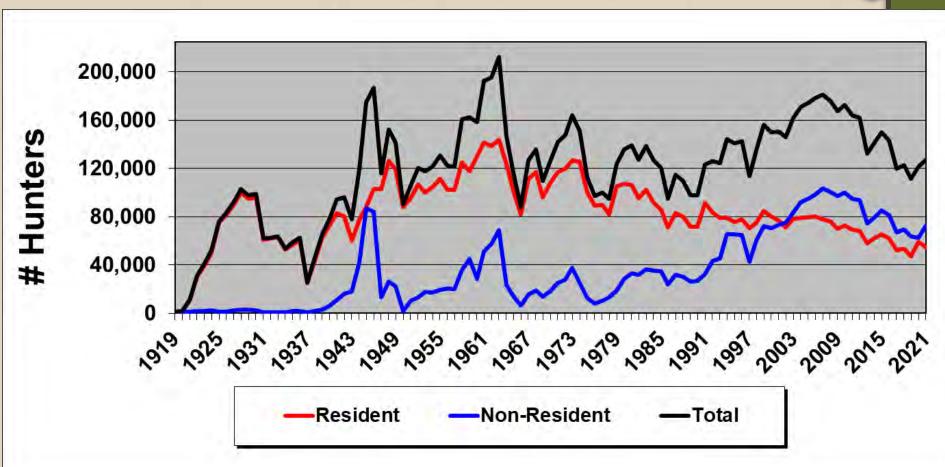






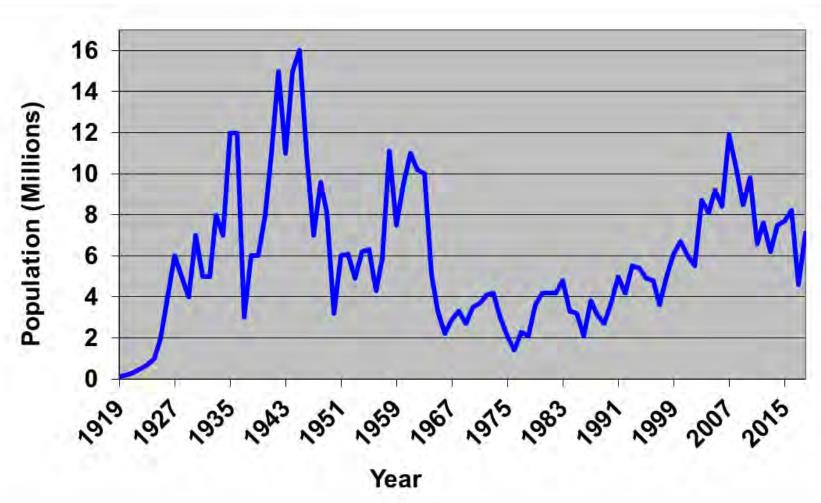
## **Pheasant Hunters**





## **Pheasant Population**

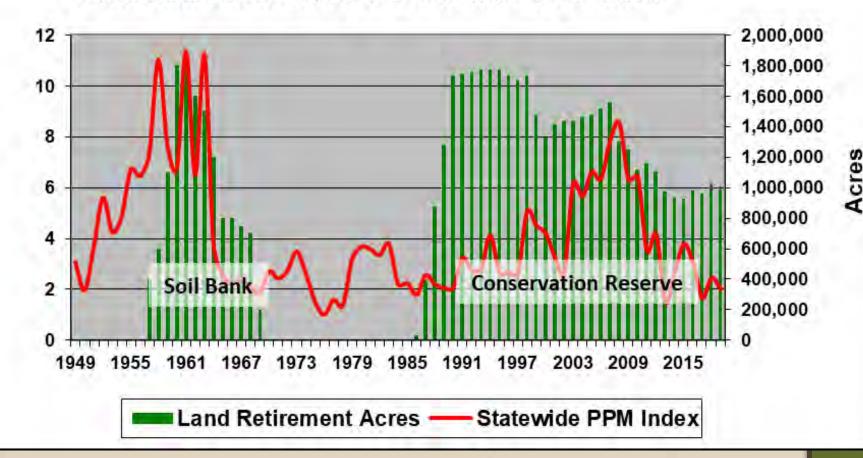




## Habitat

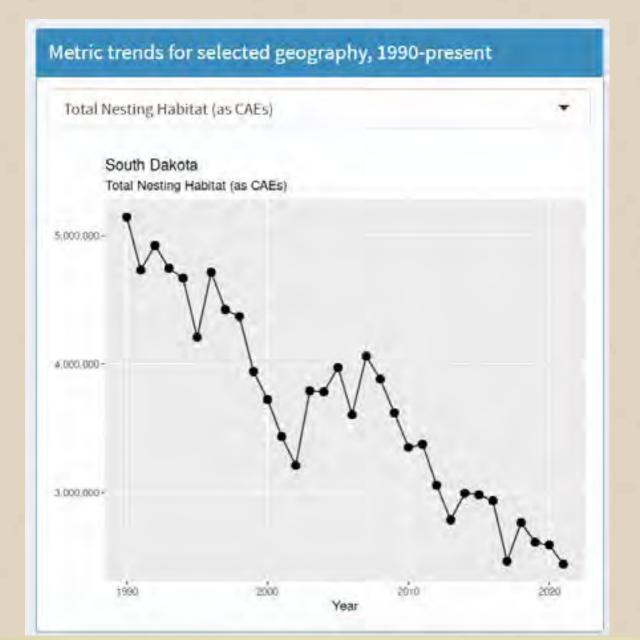


## Land Retirement Acres vs. Statewide PPM Index



Statewide PPM Index

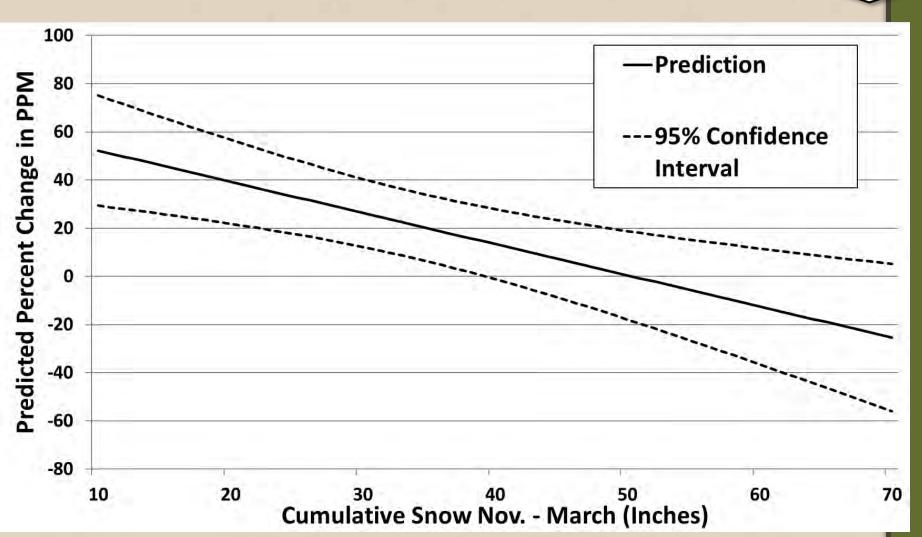
## Habitat





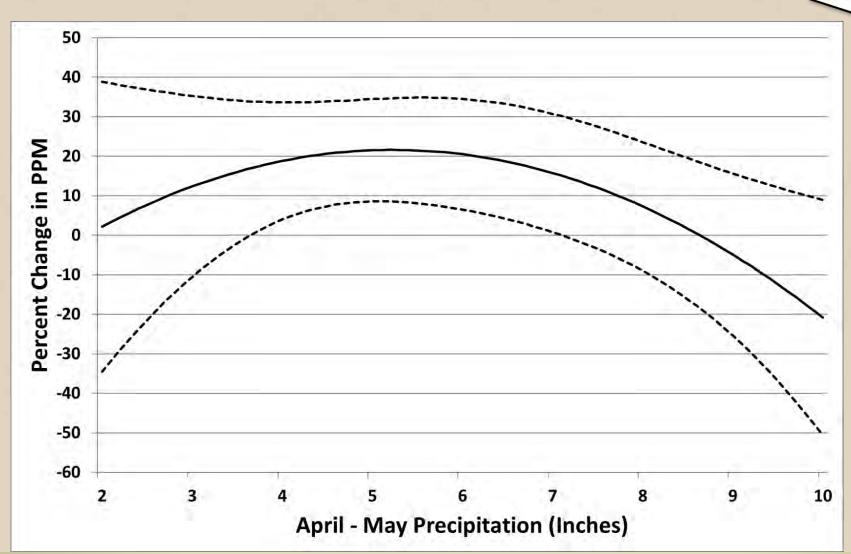
## Weather - Snow





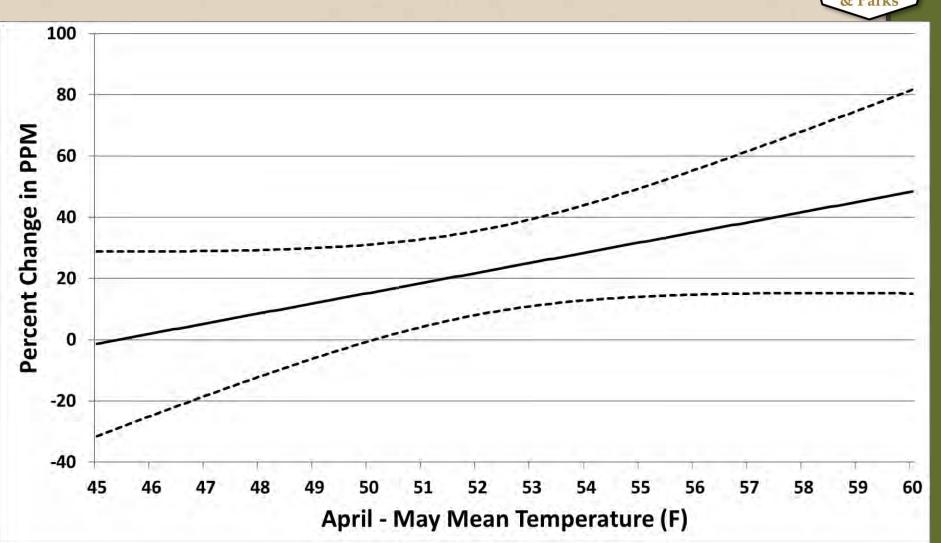
# Weather - Spring Precip.





# Weather - Spring Temp.







#SDINTHEFIELD
SHARING THE
STORIES OF YOU.







